The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 4030

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1745.

Lisbon, December 8.

THE King, within these few Days, has had a new Attack of his Distemper; upon which he had a few Ounces of Blood taken from him, and has been since as well as at any Time for these Twelve Months past. M. Caravallo, his Majesty's Minister at the Court of Great Britain, who has been here a ble Time for the Sake of the Air, is embarked don. There sails from this Port To-morrow, if d proves favourable, a Fleet of about 20 S.il, de- Bahia, with Merchandize on board to the Value Millions. The Fleet from thence is not expected ards the latter End of next Month; but there y arrived a Man of War, called the Neustra Se- Lampedousa, which has on board Two Millions King, and One for the Trade.

Madrid, December 23. On the 18th, about Seven in ing, the Prince of Asturias, by Procuration from phin, married the Infanta Donna Maria Teresa. emony performed, his Highness yielded her the and; which Point of Decorum was observed he Three Days that the Royal Family ate toge- On the 19th, about Three in the Afternoon, the ess set out with a grand Retinue, in order to he The Prince and Princess of Asturias, as well n de France, accompanied her half Way in the ich. The Cardinal Infant went before, in order the Dauphiness at his Palace of Alcala; where t Night, and is to be this Day at Guadalaxara. he 12 Days before she reaches the Isle of Phea- where she is to be received by the French Lords ts of her Household. Before we part with this News, it may not be amiss to take Notice of Accident that happen'd on the 15th, when the quare was illuminated for the Entertainment of ness. The Morning was sharp, at Noon it was mer, but the Evening was so piercing cold, Duchess d'Albuquerque, who was in a Balcony, e, and died the next Morning in a kind of Le- being Six Months gone with Child.

Duke de Montemar is recalled, as it is pretended, ust of this Marriage; but if that had been the he must have been wiser than even his Friends m; since the Courier, who carried the King's met him upon the Road. The Truth of the s Time, and the Events of the War, have con- their Majesties that he is incomparably the best they have; and it has been for some Time that e watch'd an Opportunity of restoring him good Grace; for if he would have wrote a Let- certain Strain, he might have been long ago here; the Thing is done without it. His Son-in- e Marquis de Castillar, is pitch'd upon to com- the Army under the Infant D. Philip, the Marquis s having refus'd it. The Marquis de la Mina y disgrac'd, and has Orders to remain in Arra- It is believed that the M. de Ensenada, who has some time call'd First Minister, will be speedily , and lose even the Shadow of Power, which ses at present. He is one of the most popular that ever was known here; for, on the one e hates Taxes; and, on the other, is himself y the French Minister.

Vienna, December 30. The Spanish Army, which seemed up a great Space of Ground, has lately contract- Quarters, the Center of which is the City of Vi- and the Disposition of the Troops shews suffi- the great Genius of the Count de Gages; for they osted, as to observe, with equal Conveniency, the of the Troops in Tuscany, and those of Prince itz's Army at the same Time; that if the Count ncline to attempt the joining his Forces to those Philip, in the State of Genoa, it will never be Power of the Austrians to hinder his having a or two of them. The Motions of the Infant ilip's Forces give us a great deal of Uneasiness. Palavicini is set out this very Day for Turin, to King of Sardinia on Account of his Apprehen- nd of the Observations he made during his Stay n. We can hardly persuade ourselves that this ck will declare, in her present Circumstances, for the Spaniards; but, on the other Hand, if uld, we are morally certain that the Venetians the same time, declare for the Common Cause. Letters from thence assure us, that the Nego- of the Earl of Holderness advance apace; and that he will soon sign a Treaty, by which 18,000 Men will be added to the Army of the Confederates; and this, independant of the Conduct which the State of Genoa may pursue, or the Intrigues of the Duke of Modena, who, we cannot imagine, is gone to pass his Carnival there, with a View of doing it more pleasantly than at Rome, or Naples.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer in the Austrian *Service, dated from the Head Quarters at* Neustadt, December 30.

'The Campaign of the Year 1744 has ended happily and gloriously. All the Troops are at present in 'Winter Quarters, except the Insurgents, who are pursuing their Operations on the other Side the Oder. 'The Enemy has abandon'd to us all the Upper Silesia, 'as far as Niess, excepting only the little Town of Kotel, 'which our Troops have already block'd up. His Royal 'Highness Prince Charles set out Yesterday for Vienna, 'after having receiv'd Advice of the Death of the 'Arch-Duchess, his Spouse. That great Captain, who, 'from a Principle of Religion, has constantly attributed 'to the Lord of Hosts the miraculous Events which 'have happen'd, almost daily, throughout the Campaign, 'from the Beginning to its Close, receiv'd that fatal 'News, indeed the most fatal that he could receive, 'with all the Sensibility that Christian Hero sm autho- 'rizes in a Man; and all the Firmness that Humanity 'authorizes in a Hero. Those who had an Opportu- 'nity of beholding him in those Moments, when Na- 'ture and Virtue abandon us to ourselves, agree, that 'he appeared then infinitely more Great, and more wor- 'thy of Admiration, than at the Head of Armies; and 'yet I dare assure you, that his Highness is so sincerely 'beloved, that there is not One of us but, with the Loss 'of his Life, would willingly have kept him from this 'Opportunity of displaying his Magnanimity.'

Hildesheim, January 5. The Regency of Hanover expect, with great Impatience, the Return of a Courier, sent to London with the News of the Capture made by the Bailiff of Elbingerode. In the mean time it is certain, that they have seized the Pocket-Book and all the Papers of the Military Ministers of France; and we are assured, that, amongst their Effects, there were Six Millions of Livres in Gold, which will be likewise taken care of. The Marshal and his Brother are treated with all imaginable Civility, and allowed every Liberty that is consistent with the Safety of those by whom they are indulged in it; and the Marshal himself is so sensible of it, that he told the principal Officer who waits upon him, that he might rely on his being a true Prisoner; adding, that the Liberties allowed him were infinitely greater Restraints, than all the Guards in the World.

Berlin, January 5. The King returned Yesterday from Potsdam with the Prince Royal of Prussia, Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, and General Count Rothenbourg. The King has published a Rescript, to refute the Calumnies spread by his Enemies, in relation to the Events of the last Campaign. In this Rescript it is said, that nothing can be wider of the Truth, than the Report of his Majesty's Army being lessened, from the Time he entered Bohemia, by 30,000 Men. The Losses sustained by the Surrender of some small Garisons, such as those of Tabor and Budweis, by Desertion, and by Sickness, common enough in so advanced a Season, are so far from being considerable, that the Whole will be repaired, the Army recruited, by the End of March, and his Majesty be then able to take the Field again with 120,000 Men. That the sole Reason the Garison of Prague quitted that City, was for want of Subsistence; but that the whole of that Corps was arrived safe and sound in Silesia, except about 200 Men lost by the Way. All the County of Glatz, with the City and Castle of that Name, are still in his Majesty's Hands, except Two pitiful Villages, Habelsworth and Mittelwalde, in which the Enemy are nested for the present, but from whence they will be speedily dislodged. As for the small Towns and Villages in Upper Silesia, such as Johansberg and Patschha, of which the Enemy are possessed, they are mere open Places; and the reigning Prince of Anhalt-Dessau is in full March with 25,000 Men, to drive them from thence. It is farther reported, in the same Paper, that the King is under no Apprehensions from his Neighbours; that he is sure the Empress of Russia will take no Part in the War; and that the Poles are desirous of nothing so much, as living with them on the best Terms possible.

HOME PORTS.

Dublin, January 1. Arriv'd the N. D. Denago, Bryan, the St. Michael, Fornisete, the John Novel, Hoven, and the Jane and Maria, Bergem, all from Bourdeaux; and the Santa Catharina, De Silva, from Lisbon.

Greenock, December 27. Arrived the Spencer, Riddell, and the Molly, Boutcher, from Virginia; the Nightingale, Morrice, from Belfast; and a Dutch Ship for Tobacco.

Dover, January 9. This Day arrived the Folkstone Privateer, Capt. Harrison, with a Prize in Ballast, taken out of Boulogne Road. The Crew got on Shore.

Deal, January 9. Wind S. by E. This Morning his Majesty's Ship the Augusta, with the Essex, Jackson, for East India, and the Outward-bound Ships, sailed to the Westward; and the Granado Bomb to the Northward. Remain his Majesty's Ships the Princess Louisa, Harwich, Mary Galley, Saphire, Pearl, and Shoreham; the Royal George, Feild, the London, Boodle, and a Dutch Ship for East India.

Gravesend, January 9. Past by the Esparance Prize, Capt. Crathorne, from Lisbon; the Intrepide Prize, from S. Domingo; the Lady Margaret, Manders, from Amsterdam; and the Sarah, Erasmus, from Turkey, last from Stangate Creek.

Arrived

At Naples, the Drake, Archer, from Newfoundland.

At Maryland, the Maryland Merchant, Jermain; and the Cambridge, Dunkin, from London.

At Gibraltar, the Success, Armstrong.

LONDON.

They write from Franckfort, that the Baron de Karg, Minister from his Serene Highness the Elector of Cologne to the Dyet, had declared, by the express Orders of his Master, That having been informed of the disrespectful Terms, in which he is treated by the Count de Schmettau in certain Letters, he is determined not to make any Complaint thereof, but to treat this Usage with the Contempt it deserves; his Serene Highness being not at all in Pain about what is said of him to his Imperial Majesty, by the Partizans and Pensioners of a Foreign Court, the Intrigues of which have ruined both him and the Emperor.

It is said, the Emperor intends to demand the Marshal Belleisle as a Prince of the Empire, and as having a publick Character from him to his Prussian Majesty: But, perhaps, this is a Piece of News which will not be confirmed.

The Cloaths and Jewels of the Dauphiness cost a Million of Pieces of Eight; and it is said, that the Queen her Mother made her a Present, at parting, of a strong Box, in which were 10,000 double Doubloons.

The French King has given Orders, that every Goldsmith in Paris shall send in a List of the Necklaces, Pendants, and other Curiosities in his Hands, with the lowest Price; and is not to part with them till he knows the King's farther Pleasure.

They write from Nieuport, that part of the Garison having had Orders to march, were countermanded; which was supposed to arise from some Apprehensions of the Motions of the French in their Neighbourhood.

According to a List delivered to the Queen of Hungary's Commissary, the Families of Jews, in the Kingdom of Bohemia, amount to 46,000; the greatest Part of which, it is said, will retire into the Dominions of the States-General.

They write from the Hague, that they have certain Intelligence there, that the Prussians have not only abandoned Troppau in Silesia, but Ratisbon also, where they left behind them several Pieces of Cannon.

We hear from Limerick in Ireland, that on Thursday the 27th of December, a large Vessel appeared off that Place, and made Signals of Distress, and being boarded by the King's Boat, they found her to be a Ship from the West-Indies, laden with Rum, Sugar, and Indigo, which had been taken by a French Privateer, who had put Eleven of her Hands on board, left Three of the English, and carried off the rest. They were bound for France, but, by Stress of Weather, are now safe in the Port of Limerick.

Yesterday the Prisoners in the several Gaols of this City and Westminster, were removed to Newgate, in order to be tried at the next Sessions at the Old-Bailey, which will begin on Wednesday next.

This Week a large Body of young Recruits were shipped, in order to reinforce the Garisons at Gibraltar and Portmahon.

Yesterday was held a Court of Directors of the India Company, when Capt. Charles Picket, Commander of the Dolphin, bound for Coast and Bay, took his Leave of the said Court, in order to proceed on the Voyage.

Last Wednesday Night Count Nassau, Commander of the Dutch Auxiliary Forces, arrived in Town, and took up his Residence at the Earl of Grantham's.

Yesterday Morning died, upwards of 70, at Hampton-Court, Mr. Thomas Forth, many Years Clerk of the Board of Works at that Place; and also of the Board of Works at Newmarket.

Yesterday began the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster, when Thomas Burdus, Esq; Chairman of the said Sessions, gave an Excellent Charge to the Grand Jury, for which he receiv'd the Thanks of the Court.

James Oswald, Esq; Member of Parliament for the Burghs of Dysart, Kirkaldi, &c. Yesterday kissed the King's Hand on his being appointed a Commissioner of the Navy in that Part of Great-Britain called Scotland.

Yesterday a Woman (aged near 70) stood on the Pillory on Snow-Hill, for uttering false and counterfeit Coin; but, in regard to her great Age, she was not pelted by the Mob.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	07 10	07 32

Bank Stock, Nothing done. India, 188 1-half to 1-4th. South Sea, 110. Old Annuity, 110 5 8ths. New ditto, Nothing done. Three per Cent. Nothing done. Ditto 1743, 90 1-half, Ditto 1744, Nothing done. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent, ditto, 73 1-half, to 1-4th. Royal Assurance, 89. London Assurance, 11 1-4th. India Bonds, 1 l. 8 s. to 5 s. Bank Circulation, 2 l. 2 s. 6 d. Salt Tallies, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Mulion Bank, 116. Equivalent, 108.

Admiralty-Office, January 8, 1744.

THE *Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby direct, that the Petty-Officers, and Foremastmen, late belonging to his Majesty's Sloop the* Cruizer, *do repair immediately on board his Majesty's Ship the* Portland, *at* Deptford, *in which Ship they will be paid the remainder of their Wages for the* Cruizer, *before the* Portland *sails from the* Nore; *but if they fail to repair, as above directed, they will not only lose the aforesaid Wages, but Directions will be given to the Marshal of the Admiralty to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Marshal as Deserters, and punished with the utmost Severity of the Law.*

Admiralty-Office, January 8, 1744.

WHereas *the Leave of Absence, given to the Petty-Officers and Foremastmen late belonging to his Majesty's Ship the* Dursley Galley, *has been for some Time expired; and whereas they were directed in the Publick Daily Papers to repair on board his Majesty's Ship the* Defiance, *at* Deptford, *and but Three or Four of them have yet appeared on board that Ship: The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby strictly direct, that the said Petty-Officers and Foremastmen, do immediately repair to their Duty on board the* Defiance *at* Deptford; *on board of which Ship they will be paid the Remainder of their Wages for the* Dursley Galley, *before the* Defiance *sails from the* Nore. *But if they fail to repair as above directed, they will not only lose the aforesaid Wages, but Directions will be given by the Marshal of the Admiralty to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters, and punished with the utmost Severity of the Law.*

Thomas Corbett.

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Hate not Husbandry, which the Most High hath ordained. Ecclesiasticus, Chap viii. Ver. 15.

— — — *Pater ipse colendi*
Haud facilem esse viam voluit, primusque per artem
Movit agros, curis acuens mortalia corda.
Virg. Georg. Lib. I.

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Pluribus exemptis hæc tibi mysta cano.
Res nolunt male administrari.

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